

### FRS 7../6 NPT Threaded and FRS 5... ISO Flanged Gas Appliance Pressure Regulator/Line Pressure Regulator (Class I) Installation Instructions

### SPECIFICATIONS

FRS The FRS series pressure regulator is a spring-loaded pressure regulator with adjustable setpoint spring and an internal sensor for regulating output pressure.

Body sizes	Size	
FRS 705/6	1/2"	NPT
FRS 707/6	3/4"	NPT
FRS 710/6	1"	NPT
FRS 712/6	1 1/4"	NPT
FRS 715/6	1 1/2"	NPT
FRS 720/6	2"	NPT
FRS 725/6	2 1/2"	NPT
FRS 730/6	3"	NPT
FRS 5040	1 1/2"	DN (ISO) Flanged
FRS 5050	2"	DN (ISO) Flanged
FRS 5065	2 1/2"	DN (ISO) Flanged
FRS 5080	3"	DN (ISO) Flanged
FRS 5100	4"	DN (ISO) Flanged
FRS 5125	5"	DN (ISO) Flanged
FRS 5150	6"	DN (ISO) Flanged

#### Gases

Natural gas, propane, butane, air and other inert gases. **Maximum Operating Pressure** 

- •10 PSI (700 mbar) for FRS 7../6 series.
- •7 PSI (700 mbar) for FRS 5...Flanged series.
- •5 PSI (350mbar) applies to the CSA Certification for FRS 7../6 and for FRS 5...Flanged series.

#### **Output pressure range**

Adjustable with different springs. 1 to 80 in. W.C.

#### Materials in contact with gas

Housing is aluminum and steel free of non-ferrous metals. Seals and diaphragms are NBR.

#### **Test Port**

Depends on model; see details page 3.

### Maximum pressure drop and gas velocity

The maximum pressure drop is limited by the velocity of the gas. Do not exceed a gas velocity of 30 meters/s.

#### **Ambient / Fluid Temperature**

FRS 7../6 series:

- •+5 °F to +160 °F for up to 10 PSI for regulating behavior (+/-10% of setpoint).
- •-40 °F to +160 °F: Diaphragms are suitable for the low temperature, but there may be out of range regulating behavior.
- •CSA Certified for -40 °F to +160 °F.

FRS 5... Flanges series:

•+5 °F to +150 °F (-15 °C to +70 °C) for up to 7 PSI.

#### **Mounting Position**

Regulator dome vertically upright œđì or lying horizontally.

#### **Vent Limiter and Vent Line Connection**

Vent line connection is G 1/4 thread in accordance to ISO 228. An NPT adapter is available.

The FRS/6 also has a factory installed vent limiter, which limits the escape of gas to less than 0.5 CFH in case atmospheric diaphragm ruptures. No venting is required when accepted by the authority having jurisdiction.

#### **Droop and Hysteresis**

Hysteresis is less than 10% for up to 7 PSI inlet. Average droop at 20:1 turndown is 10% for up to 7 PSI.

#### Lock-up Rating

- •The FRS meets the ANSI Z.21.80/CSA 6.22 as Class I, which allows lockup rating not more than 150% or 5 in. W.C, whichever is greater.
- •The FRS meets EN 88 as SG30, which allows lock-up as high as +30% of the outlet pressure.
- •See Lock-up Pressure Parameters on page 2 for more details.

#### **Approvals**

- FRS 7../6 series are CSA Certified to ANSI Z21.18/CSA 6.3 & to ANSI Z.21.80/CSA 6.22 as Class I: File No: 1205610.
- FRS 5... series are CSA Certified to ANSI Z21.18/CSA 6.3.
- Commonwealth of Massachusetts Approved Product Approval code G1-1107-35.



# LOCK-UP PRESSURE PARAMETERS

Per ANSI Z21.80, lock-up is defined as an outlet pressure not more than 150% or 5 in. W.C, whichever is greater, above the setpoint after a downstream safety shutoff valve closes with 2 seconds, and the two following conditions exists:

- 1) outlet pressure is set to the highest set point of the spring, and
- 2) the regulator is set to maximum capacity or flow at which the regulator will control lockup pressure within the acceptable limits.

This means that in a given application, a lockup greater than 150% or 5 in. W.C could occur, depending out the inlet pressure, the outlet pressure of the regulator, the flow rate of the regulator, and the pipe volume downstream the regulator and upstream the safety shutoff valve.

Per DUNGS, lock-up is +30% of the outlet pressure setting after downstream shutoff valve slowly closes within 30 seconds. Therefore, in a given application, a lockup greater than +30% or 5 in. W.C could occur, depending out the inlet pressure, the outlet pressure of the regulator, the flow rate of the regulator, and the pipe volume downstream the regulator and upstream the safety shutoff valve.

If in a given application the lock-up pressure is too high, imploying one or more of the following should reduce the lock-up pressure:

- 1) increase the size of the regulator.
- 2) increase the pipe volume downstream the regulator and upstream the safety shutoff valve.
- 3) decrease the inlet pressure.
- 4) decrease the oulet pressure.
- 5) reduce the flow rate.

### **REGULATOR ORIFICE DIAMETERS**

**Regulator** Type Orifice Diameter (mm) FRSI 705/6 28.0 FRS 707/6 34.0 FRS 710/6 39.0 FRS 712/6 43.5 FRS 715/6 43.5 FRS 720/6 57.5 FRS 725/6 68.0 FRS 730/6 78.5

## ATTENTION

- Read these instructions carefully.
- Failure to follow them and/or improper installation may cause explosion, property damage and injuries.
- Installation must be done with the supervision of a licensed burner technician.
- The system must meet all applicable national and local code requirements such as but not limited to NFPA 86, CSD-1, ANSI Z21.13, UL 795, NFPA 85, or CSA B149.3.
- Check the ratings in the specifications to make sure that they are suitable for your application.
- Never perform work if gas pressure or power is applied, or in the presence of an open flame.
- Once installed, perform a complete checkout including leak testing.
- Verify proper operation after servicing.

# **MOUNTING PREPARATION**

#### Mounting Preparation FRS 7../6 & FRS 5... Flanged

- The main gas supply must be shut off before starting the installation.
- Read these installation instructions carefully.
- Carefully examine the unit for shipping damage.
- Remove all dirt and debris before installing. Failure to remove dirt/debris could result in damage or improper performance.

<b>Outlet Pressure Spring</b>	Selection	. Values a	pply to h	orizontal	mount. S	ubtract 1	"W.C. for	vertical n	nount.
Spring Range (inW.C.)	1 to 3.6	2 to 5	2.8 to 8	4 to 12	10 to 22	12 to 28	24 to 40	40 to 60	60 to 80
Spring color	brown Not CSA	white	orange	blue standard	red	yellow	black	pink	grey Not CS
FRS 705/6		229-818	229-820	229-821	229-822	229-823	229-824	229-825	229-82
RS 707/6		229-834		229-836	229-837			229-840	229-84
FRS 710/6		229-843	229-844			229-847		229-849	229-85
FRS 712/6, 715/6,	229-851	229-852	229-853	229-854	229-869	229-870	229-871	229-872	229-87
5040 FRS 720/6 & 5050	229-874	229-875	229-876	229-877	229-878	229-879	229-880	229-881	229-88
FRS 725/6, 730/6,		229-884	229-885	229-886		229-888		229-890	229-89
5065, 5080	0000				220 001	220 000	220 000		
FRS 5100	229-892	229-893	229-894	229-895	229-896	229-897	229-898	229-899	229-90
FRS 5125	229-901	229-902	229-903	229-904	229-905	229-906		229-908	243-41
FRS 5150	229-909	229-910	229-911	229-912	229-913	229-914	229-915	229-916	243-41
			REPA		S				
epair Kit	Part				Repair			Part #	
ontains all internal hardwa	re to rebuild	l regulator)			(contains a	all internal I	hardware t	o rebuild re	gulator)
RS 705/6		/ailable				/6 & 5065		068-940	
RS 707/6		/ailable				0 & 730/6	6	091-868	
RS 710/6		vailable			FRS 510			091-876	
RS 712/6, 715/6 & 504 RS 720/6 & 5050	0 068-9 068-9				FRS 512 FRS 515			069-005 069-013	
ng 720/0 & 3030	000-3	02			FN3 515	0		009-013	
	-	ulated sta							
utlet pressure = 4 in. \ nlet pressure = 20 in. \ min = 0.05 x Vmax	N.C. N.C.	ulated sta		DN 5040	DN 5050	DN 5100	DN 5125		
Outlet pressure = 4 in. M nlet pressure = 20 in. M Min = 0.05 x Vmax IOTE: Flow tables are a	N.C. N.C.	ulated sta	ate.	DN 5040			DN 5125		
outlet pressure = 4 in. N nlet pressure = 20 in. N min = 0.05 x Vmax IOTE: Flow tables are a	N.C. N.C.		ate.	DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5150		
Putlet pressure = 4 in. V nlet pressure = 20 in. V $Vmin = 0.05 \times Vmax$ IOTE: Flow tables are a $^{50} + -$	N.C. N.C.		ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
Dutlet pressure = 4 in. \ nlet pressure = 20 in. \ /min = 0.05 x Vmax IOTE: Flow tables are a	N.C. N.C.		ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
Dutlet pressure = 4 in. V nlet pressure = 20 in. V /min = 0.05 x Vmax IOTE: Flow tables are a 50 + 100 + 1	N.C. N.C.		ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
Putlet pressure = 4 in. V nlet pressure = 20 in. V /min = 0.05 x Vmax IOTE: Flow tables are a $^{50}$ $^{+}$	N.C. N.C.		ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
50       1000000000000000000000000000000000000	N.C. N.C.		ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
50       1000000000000000000000000000000000000	N.C. N.C.		ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
50       1000000000000000000000000000000000000	N.C. N.C.		ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
50       1000000000000000000000000000000000000	N.C. N.C.	MPT 1/2	ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
50       1000000000000000000000000000000000000	N.C. N.C.	MPT 1/2	ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
50       1000000000000000000000000000000000000	N.C. N.C.	MPT 1/2	ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
Souther pressure = 4 in. \new nlet pressure = 20 in. \n	N.C. N.C.	MPT 1/2	ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5125		
40 30 20 20 10 8 10 6 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	N.C. N.C.	MPT 1/2	ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		DN 5120		
Souther pressure = 4 in. \new nlet pressure = 20 in. \n	N.C. N.C.	MPT 1/2	ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050				
Solution and the second state of the second st	N.C. N.C.	MPT 1/2	ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		Pressure 20 in. W		
utlet pressure = 4 in. V nlet pressure = 20 in. V min = 0.05 x Vmax OTE: Flow tables are a 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	N.C. N.C.	MPT 1/2	ate.	NPT 1 NPT 1 1/4 DN 5040	DN 5050		ressure 20 in. W		

Flow (CFH) of natural gas; s.p. 0.65 at 60  $^\circ$ F

A minimum of 2 in. W.C.  $\Delta p$  is required when sizing at maximum flow capacity for optimal control.

#### Procedure to Mount the FRS 7../6

- Install the FRS.../6 with the gas flow matching the direction indicated by the arrows on the casting.
- Mount the FRS.../6 with the regulator dome vertical or horizontal.
- Use new, properly reamed and NPT threaded pipe free of chips.
- Apply good quality pipe sealant, putting a moderate amount on the male threads only. If using LP gas, use pipe sealant rated for use with LP gas.
- Do not thread pipe too far. FRS.../6 distortion and/or malfunction may result from excess pipe in the valve body.
- Apply counterpressure with a parallel jaw wrench only to the flats of the FRS.../6 when installing pipe.

### FRS 7../6 Threaded Series



 NPT
 1/2"
 3/4"
 1"
 1-1/4"
 1-1/2"
 2"
 2 1/2"
 3"

 Tmax [lb-in]
 443
 560
 750
 875
 940
 1190
 1310
 1310

**CAUTION:** Do not overtorque threaded connection or bolts permanent damage will occour.

- Do not overtighten the pipe. Follow the maximum torque values listed.
- After installation is complete, perform a leak test using a soapy water solution.
- Install the FRS 5... with the gas flow matching the direction indicated by the arrows on the casting.
- Mount the FRS 5... with the regulator dome vertical or horizontal.
- Insert seal inbetween flanges.
- Insert bolts, tighten in a star pattern to ensure uniform tightness.
- Do not overtighten bolts. Follow the maximum torque values listed.
- After installation is complete, perform a leak test using a soapy water solution

#### FRS 5... Flanged Series



**Tmax [lb-in]** 443

**CAUTION:** If the flow is not in the same direction as the arrows, the FRS will not operate properly.

FRS Flange Accessories								
Size	Weld neck part #	# of bolts connection	Bolt size	**Bolt part #	***Seal part #			
DN ISO 40	227-137	4	M16x55	135-940	100-164			
DN ISO 50	227-138	4	M16x55	135-940	030-221			
DN ISO 65	227-139	4	M16x65	135-930	099-408			
DN ISO 80	227-140	8	M16x65	135-930	030-254			
DN ISO 100	227-141	8	M16x65	135-930	030-304			
DN ISO 125	227-142	8	M16x75	148-830	030-312			
DN ISO 150	227-143	8	M20x80	135-950	030-403			
DN 65 to 2 1/2"NPT	243-690	4	M16x65	135-930	099-408			
DN 80 to 3"NPT	243-219	8	M16x65	135-930	030-254			

\* When a control is used alone, one mating flange is needed for each end, for a total of two flanges. When one control is bolted to another, such as an FRS to a DMV dual modular safety valve, one mating flange is needed for each end, for a total of two flanges

- \*\* Includes one bolt, one lock washer, and one nut
- \*\*\* One seal needed for each flange

### **PRESSURE TAP CONNECTIONS**

# Pressure taps

FRS 7../6 Threaded
1)Vent/breather connection\*. FRS 705/6 - FRS 710/6, G 1/4 in. FRS 712/6 - FRS 730/6, G 1/2 in.
2)External feedback pressure connection. See caution below. FRS 705/6 - FRS 710/6, G 1/4 in. - one side. FRS 712/6 - FRS 730/6, G 1/4 in. - both sides.
3)Upstream pressure connection. FRS 705/6 - FRS 710/6, 1/4 in. NPT - one side. FRS 705/6 - FRS 710/6, G 1/4 in. - one side. FRS 712/6 - FRS 730/6, 1/4 in. NPT - both sides.
4)Downstream pressure connection. FRS 705/6 - FRS 710/6, 1/4 in. NPT - one side. FRS 705/6 - FRS 710/6, 1/4 in. NPT - both sides.



#### Pressure taps FRS 5... Flanged

 Vent/breather connection\*. FRS 5040 - FRS 5150, G 1/2 in.
 External feedback pressure connection. See caution below. FRS 5040 - FRS 5150, G 1/4 in. - both sides
 Upstream pressure connection. FRS 5040 - FRS 5150, G 1/4 in. - both sides \*All FRS regulators incorporate a factory installed vent limter that limits the escape of gas to the ambient to less than 0.5 ft<sup>3</sup>/hr in case of atmospheric diaphragm failure.

**CAUTION:** When using optional external feedback connection, seal the interal impulse connection with a silicone or RTV sealant. Failure to do so will cause the improper outlet pressure regulation.

## **BREATHER PLUG**

- All FRS's have a breather plug that threads into the regulators's vent connection. DO NOT REMOVED PLASTIC BREATHER PLUG UNLESS VENTING OUTDOORS IS REQUIRED. This plug is not the vent limiter, and it prevents debris from entering the upper chamber of the regulator. Debris in the upper chamber of the regulator will adversly affect regulator performance.
- The FRS regulator must also be able to exchange air through the breather hole in order to properly regulate. Do not plug the breather hole, and clean it out if necessary.



### VENT LIMITER AND VENT LINE CONNECTION

#### Vent Limiter

The FRS/6 series regulator contains a factory installed, which limits the escape of gas to less than 0.5 CFH in case atmospheric diaphragm ruptures. No venting is required when accepted by the authority having jurisdiction.

#### **Vent Line Requirements**

- Follow the local code for vent sizing and termination requirements. In the absence of local codes, follow National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54 or the International Fuel Gas Code for venting requirements.
- Terminate the vent to an approved location.
- At the point of termination, the vent line must be protect ed from insects and water intrusion. It is highly recommend to install an insect screen and terminate the pipe with the exit facing downwards to prevent rain water from entering.

#### Installation Procedure

- If venting is required, the vent line is to be connected to the upper dome of the FRS regulator as illustrated.
- Remove the beather plug.
- On indoor installations requiring venting outdoors, run the piping as short and as direct as possible.
- The vent connecton is G 1/4 for FRS 705/6 to FRS 710/6 and G 1/2 for FRS 712/6 to FRS 730/6 and for all ISO flanged regulators. G 1/4 to 1/4"NPT adapters are available: (part number 231-944) and G 1/2 to 1/2 NPT (part number 231-945).



# **EXTERNAL IMPLUSE**

- When it is desirable to use the external impluse as the feedback for the regulator, the internal impluse must be plugged. Seal the interal impulse connection with a silicone or RTV sealant suitable for exposure to natural gas, propane, or butane.
- The external impulse must be properly terminated and made of a durable, metal material that is suitable for gas service.

The external impulse must terminate back into the gas piping at a point that is upstream two safety shutoff valves in series.



### **OUTLET PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT**

#### Adjusting the FRS outlet pressure

- 1. Verify that the intended output pressure is within the spring range that is installed in the regulator by comparing the colored outlet pressure label with the table on page 6.
- 2. Remove the black adjustment cover.
- 3. To increase outlet pressure, turn the adjustment spindle clockwise. To decrease the outlet pressure, turn the adjustment spindle counterclockwise.
- 4. Always use an accurate pressure gauge connected downstream of the regulator to measure the actual outlet pressure as the FRS is mounted in the operating position.
- 5. Reinstall the black adjustment cover.
- 6. To prevent unauthorized adjustment, holes in the black adjustment cover and the side of the regulator can be used to secure a lead seal.



# **SPRING REPLACEMENT**

#### **Spring Replacment**

- Remove the adjustment cover.
- Completely release the spring tension by turning the adjustment spindle completely counterclockwise with a screwdriver, and remove the aluminum cap.
- Remove existing spring and insert new spring.
- Re-install the adjusment cover, and apply the new outlet pressure label provided with new outlet pressure range onto the name plate.
- Reinstall the adjustment cover.

HEAD INJURY RISK: Never have your head above or near the aluminum cap when removing regulator spring. The spring tension can be high enough to rapidly eject the aluminum cap with a large force.

